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PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM GUIDANCE FOR OWNER/ DEVELOPERS



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DISCLAIMER

This *Project-Based Voucher Program Guidance for Owners/Developers* is a concise guide provided as a courtesy to applicants and prospective applicants of the Project-Based Voucher Program at the Housing Authority of Santa Cruz (HACSC). The guide should not be construed as an alternative to a thorough reading and understanding of State and federal regulations pertaining to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Housing Choice Voucher (24 CFR 982) and Project-Based Voucher (24 CFR 983) programs. It is the responsibility of owner/developer applicants and prospective applicants to confirm the accuracy of the information in this guidance prior to acting or relying on it, and it is incumbent upon owner/developer applicants to reference and use the most currently published State and federal guidelines and regulations. The HACSC is in no way responsible for actions taken by owner/developer applicants or prospective applicants relying solely on information contained in this guidance. In the event information in this guide conflicts with federal/HUD/State laws, guidelines, or regulations, the federal/HUD/State laws, guidelines, or regulations, the

PROJECT BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM OVERVIEW AND LIMITS

The Project-Based Voucher (PBV) Program allows a housing authority that already administers the HUD tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program to attach the funding to specific housing units. In the HCV Program, the family can use the voucher to receive rental assistance in a unit of their choice. In the PBV Program, the family must live in the unit with the attached PBV to receive the assistance. The PBV program is intended to stimulate affordable housing development, generally by layering PBVs over rent-restricted housing units. This layering allows the owner/developer to collect market rate rents while ensuring that the unit is still affordable for low-income families.

HACSC may provide PBV assistance for units in existing housing or for newly constructed or rehabilitated housing. A housing unit is considered an existing unit for purposes of the PBV program, if, at the time of notice of project selection, the units substantially comply with HUD-established inspection guidelines. For newly constructed or rehabilitated units, the housing must be developed under, and in accordance with, a PBV Agreement to Enter into Housing Assistance Payments Contract (AHAP) that was executed prior to the start of construction or site preparation. Units for which site preparation, new construction or rehabilitation began after the owner's proposal submission but prior to the execution of the AHAP, do not subsequently qualify as existing housing [24 CFR 983.5, 983.52, 983.152].

Under the PBV Program, selected projects may not undertake certain activities or commit funds (HUD and non-HUD) to physical or choice-limiting actions, including property acquisition, demolition, movement, rehabilitation, conversion, repair, construction, disposition, transfer, removal, or leasing of real property until an environmental review under NEPA has been completed and HACSC has received environmental clearance (24 CFR 983.58, PIH Notice 2016-22) an a HUD-approved Authority to Use Grant Funds (AUGF). For new construction or rehabilitation, the project must also meet Subsidy Layering Review (SLR) requirements, and HACSC and the developer(s) must receive HUD approval of the SLR prior to executing an AHAP and prior to the start of construction (24 CFR 983.56, 24 CFR 983.152(c)). The AHAP stipulates the conditions under which the developer agrees to construct or rehabilitate the units to be subsidized and HACSC agrees to subsidize the units upon satisfactory completion of construction or construction. If any choice-limiting actions occur prior to environmental clearance, of if site preparation or construction

begins prior to SLR clearance and execution of the AHAP, HACSC may be prohibited from providing PBV assistance to the project.

HACSC will execute a Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract with the project owner after all program requirements have been met. For newly constructed or rehabilitated housing, construction or rehabilitation must be complete and a certificate of occupancy must be issued. For both existing housing and newly constructed an all units must also pass HUD-established inspection requirements. The HAP Contract is executed for the specified units for a term of up to 20 years, establishes the initial rents for the units, and describes the responsibilities of HACSC and the developer. The PBV subsidy is subject to all applicable HUD regulations. The HAP contract may cover either all or a portion of the units in a development.

Many regulations of the tenant-based voucher program also apply to the PBV program. Consequently, many of the policies related to tenant-based assistance also apply to PBV assistance. The tenant-based provisions that do not apply to the PBV program are listed at 24 CFR 983.2.

Owners/Developers with units selected under a HACSC request for proposal (RFP) will be required to follow HACSC's approved Administrative Plan policies for all units under the HAP contract.

HACSC may apply an administrative fee to any approved project. The administrative fee should cover costs including marketing and outreach, the establishment and maintenance of a site-based waiting list (if required), as well as other administrative costs over the normal eligibility processes for the Housing Choice Voucher program.

FUNDING FOR PROJECT BASED VOUCHERS

HUD does not allocate separate funding for PBV assistance. Funding for project-based assistance comes from funds already obligated by HUD to HACSC's Housing Choice Voucher Program Annual Contributions Contract (ACC). HACSC may use a limited percentage of its voucher allocation for the PBV program, as discussed in the **Program Cap** section below.

An award of PBVs is contingent upon availability of funding from HUD. If the Housing Choice Voucher program is in a funding shortfall position, HACSC may be unable to commit new PBVs, even if vouchers are available.

PROGRAM CAP - LIMIT ON PBV AVAILABILITY

The PBV program has a **Program Cap**, which limits the number of vouchers that a housing authority may project-base. HACSC has been approved by HUD to project-base *up to* **50 percent** of its authorized vouchers or budget authority. If HACSC reaches its **Program Cap**, new PBVs cannot be awarded. HACSC has no obligation to fully utilize its **Program Cap**.

An award of PBVs is contingent upon availability of funding from HUD. If the Housing Choice Voucher program is in a funding shortfall position, HACSC may be unable to commit new PBVs, even if vouchers are available under the **Program Cap**.

HACSC's **Program Cap** is distinct from the **Income-Mixing Requirement ("Project Cap")** discussed on page seven (7) of this guide.

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP)

Owners/developers seeking PBVs must apply for them through a competitive process. HACSC publishes an RFP for interested applicants **only** on the HACSC website and the RFP is open until closed. HACSC maintains a list of parties interested in updated information about the PBV RFP or scoring criteria. When the RFP or scoring criteria is updated, HACSC will contact persons on this list. To be added to the PBV RFP Interest List, please contact Rayne Pérez at raynep@hacosantacruz.org or 831-454-5958.

The HACSC reserves the sole and exclusive right to award conditional commitments, for all or part of the requested number of available vouchers and distribute them between voucher types (e.g., standard vouchers, Family Unification Program), as is most advantageous to HACSC. HACSC reserves the right to both determine and make changes to the voucher type for the project.

Under the current scoring criteria, projects must meet a threshold requirement of 150 points to be considered for an award of PBVs. However, HACSC maintains the right to NOT awards PBVs to proposals that meet the threshold, or to award fewer PBVs than requested, based on voucher availability, funding availability, or any circumstance where the full award of vouchers is not in the best interest of HACSC.

PROJECT BASED VOUCHERS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS RFP

HACSC proposes to make available PBVs sufficient to maximize applications to the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC), and the State of California Housing and Community Development Department (HCD).

PROJECT SELECTION

Project Selection is conducted competitively in accordance with the HACSC Administrative Plan, Section XVII. Project Based Voucher Program. The PBV program is subject to the Federal Regulations in 24 CFR Part 983.

SCORING CRITERIA

HACSC publishes the **PBV RFP Evaluation and Scoring Criteria** currently in effect on the HACSC website. The scoring criteria include 200 base points, with a possible 20 bonus points. The minimum score for PBV consideration is 150 points.

Evaluation Factor		Maximum Points
1	Project Type	50
2	Extent to Which Project Creates Housing Opportunities for Top Applicants on HACSC's HCV Waiting List	30
3	Deconcentration of Poverty / Creation of Economic Opportunities	25
4	Location Amenities	25
5	Management and Owner Experience	20
6	Design Features	10
7	Construction Readiness	20
8	Financial Feasibility	20
	Total Base Points	200
9	Bonus Points	20
	Total Possible Points	220

Summary of Evaluation Factors and Maximum Points Available

PROJECT ELIGIBILITY

All projects must be located in Santa Cruz County or in the Cities of Hollister and San Juan Bautista.

Shared housing is not eligible for the PBV Program. Please see 24 CFR 983.53 for a complete list of ineligible housing types.

Under the PBV Program, conditionally selected projects may not undertake certain activities or commit funds (HUD and non-HUD) to physical or choice-limiting actions, including property acquisition, demolition, movement, rehabilitation, conversion, repair, construction, disposition, transfer, removal, or leasing of real property until an environmental review under NEPA has been completed and HACSC has received environmental clearance and HUD Authority to Use Grant Funds (AUGF). For new construction or rehabilitation projects, the project must also meet Subsidy Layering Review requirements and subsequent to SLR approval HACSC and the developer(s) must execute an Agreement to Enter into Housing Assistance Payments Contract (AHAP) prior to site preparation or the start of construction. Applications for projects that have already begun such undertakings or commitments of funds will be rejected without being scored. If any choice-limiting actions occur prior to environmental clearance, of if site preparation or construction begins prior to SLR approval and execution of the AHAP, HACSC may be prohibited from providing PBV assistance to the project.

Projects must meet all PBV Program requirements in 24 CFR 982 and 24 CFR 983 and must not conflict with the HACSC Administrative Plan.

Projects must meet program accessibility requirements of 24 CFR 983.102, the accessibility requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (Section 504) and Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), as well as the design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Act, as applicable. 24 CFR part 8 (Section 504); 24 CFR part 100 (Fair Housing Act); 28 CFR part 35 (Title II of the ADA).

Applicants should be prepared to demonstrate site control or demonstrate that site control is likely to be obtained and will not delay the project. Site control may be demonstrated through fee simple ownership, a disposition and development agreement, lease, or contract of sale. More information on how site control will be scored is in the **PBV RFP Evaluation and Scoring Criteria**.

OWNER/DEVELOPER ELIGIBILITY

Owner/Developer, by submitting the application, shall certify as to their legal structure, and that they are not suspended, debarred, or excluded by HUD. After submittal of the application, any changes to the owner/developer's legal structure must receive HACSC's written approval. Otherwise, HACSC reserves the right to withdraw its conditional commitment of PBVs.

HACSC RIGHT TO RESCIND CONDITIONAL AWARDS

HACSC reserves the right to withdraw, rescind, and/or cancel a conditional award of PBVs for any reason, which may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- The owner/developer's response to the PBV RFP is an application for PBVs in conjunction with another funding opportunity and the entity was unsuccessful in securing the award of the other funds.
- The owner/developer is unable to make adequate and timely progress on their project.
- The owner/developer made misrepresentations of the project which may include legal structure, funding sources, site control, or other key provision in HACSC's determination of PBV award.
- The owner/developer undertook prohibited activities or committed funds (HUD and/or non-HUD) to physical or choice-limiting actions, including property acquisition, demolition, movement, rehabilitation, conversion, repair, construction, disposition, transfer, removal, or leasing of real property prior to receiving environmental clearance.
- The owner/developer started construction prior to receiving Subsidy Layering Review certification and/or prior to execution of the AHAP.
- HUD has prohibited new PBV contracts related to funding shortfall.
- The owner/developer and/or project is not compliant with any conditions stated in a HACSC conditional PBV award letter.
- The owner/develop and/or project is not compliant with PBV or HUD requirements.

INCOME-MIXING REQUIREMENT ("PROJECT CAP")

The **Income-Mixing Requirement ("Project Cap")** is the limitation on the number of PBV units that a housing authority can award to any single housing project.

While HACSC has received approval from HUD to award PBVs for *up to* 100% of the units in any single housing project, HACSC has established a **Standard Project Cap of the greater of 40 PBVs or 40 percent of the units at the project**. Applicants seeking to receive an award of PBVs greater than the **HACSC Standard Project Cap** must demonstrate significant financial feasibility and project readiness. More information about these requirements can be found in the **PBV Application** and **PBV RFP Evaluation and Scoring Criteria** as approved by the HACSC Board of Commissioners.

HACSC reserves the right to both determine and make changes to the voucher type for the project. Owner/developers are prohibited from entering into prospective tenant selection agreements with third parties for PBV units without prior HACSC written agreement.

TENANT INCOME TARGETING REQUIREMENTS

Applicants must specify in the application the target income level of each unit for which a PBV voucher is requested. In the HACSC Resources section of this guidance, refer to **HACSC Income Limits, Payment Standards and Utility Allowances**.

RENTS

The *rent to owner* may not exceed the lowest of:

- 1. The established payment standard for the unit bedroom size for the area in which the unit is located, minus the applicable utility allowance.
- 2. The reasonable rent (24 CFR 982.507).
- 3. The rent requested by the owner (24 CFR 983.301).

All tax credit units are subject to the above rent requirements <u>unless</u>:

- a. A contract unit receives a Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC); and
- b. the unit is **NOT** located in a Qualified Census Tract; and
- c. there are comparable tax credit units of the same bedroom size in the building that **do not** have rental assistance other than the tax credit; and
- d. the tax credit rent <u>exceeds</u> the fair market rental (or exception payment standard) <u>minus</u> any utility allowance for tenant paid utilities as determined for units without tax credits above;

Then, the rent to owner must not exceed the <u>lowest</u> of:

a. the tax credit rent minus the utility allowance;

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- b. the reasonable rent as determined by the HACSC, or
- c. the rent requested by the owner.

The "tax credit rent" is the rent charged for comparable units of the same bedroom size in the building that also receive the low-income tax credit but do not have any additional rent assistance (e.g., such as tenant-based assistance).

Rents may additionally be limited by the requirements of other subsidies.

DETERMINING INITIAL ESTIMATED CONTRACT RENTS

To establish initial estimated contract rents, HACSC will rely on the information provided in the submitted **PBV Application**. Any subsequent changes must be submitted to the HACSC on a **Rent Reasonableness Request Form** (*see HACSC Resources in this guidance*). Requesting the rents desired for the project for each unit type (studio, 1-BR, 2-BR, etc.) and detailing the tenant-paid utilities. The owner/developer must also indicate if the contract unit receives a Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC), and if the unit is in a Qualified Census Tract for the LIHTC Program. HACSC will then conduct a rent reasonableness valuation, calculate the initial estimated rent to owner, and issue a letter to the owner/developer indicating the gross rents, utility allowances, and estimated initial rent(s) to owner. Determining initial estimated rent(s) to owner must be completed prior to the Subsidy Layering Review.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

An Environmental Review (ER) under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) is required for all projects proposing to have PBV units, including existing housing. Developers/owners, or their agents/contractors may not acquire, rehabilitate, convert, lease, repair, dispose of, demolish, construct, transfer, remove, or lease real property or commit or expend program or local funds for PBV activities until an ER is completed (24 CFR 983.58).

It is the responsibility of the owner/developer to prepare all necessary documents, and any costs associated with the completion of the ER are the responsibility of the owner/developer.

HUD Form 7015.15 - Request for Release of Funds and Certification with Environmental Certification (RROF) must be filed with HUD and HUD's response, HUD Form 7015.16 - Authority to Use Grant Funds (AUGF) must be received by HACSC before the Agreement to Enter Into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (AHAP) may be executed. It is <u>not</u> necessary for ER to be <u>completed</u> prior to Subsidy Layering Review.but it must at least have been requested from the Responsible Entity.

HACSC may not execute the Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract until such time as all required mitigation factors identified during the NEPA review process have been addressed, as verified by a letter of certification as to completion from the NEPA responsible entity.

If the project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), a NEPA review is still required. If the project is exempt from NEPA, the developer is still required to obtain certification from the responsible entity that it is exempt.

SUBSIDY LAYERING REVIEW

To ensure that limited public funds are not overly subscribed to at any single project and to ensure project viability, a Subsidy Layering Review (SLR) is required for projects involving new construction and rehabilitation (24 CFR 983.55) when PBVs are combined with other governmental assistance from federal, state, or local agencies, including assistance such as tax concessions or tax credits.

The SLR process uses objective metrics to measure viability and appropriate funding. HUD may review common pro forma projections such as operating standards, development standards, debt coverage ratio, vacancy rates, rent increases, and cash flow.

The following table lists the required documents for an SLR submission.

Required Elements of an SLR Submission

Subsidy layering reviews (SLRs) are undertaken to ensure the amount of assistance provided by HUD is not more than necessary to make the PBV project feasible in consideration of all other governmental assistance. SLRs prevent excessive public assistance that could result when a development proposes combining (layering) the HAP subsidy from the PBV program with other public assistance from federal, state, or local agencies, including tax credits. A SLR is required for proposed new construction and rehabilitation projects prior to the execution of the agreement to enter into a HAP (AHAP) when the project will be receiving other governmental assistance in addition to the PBV award. No subsidy layering review is required for existing housing or when PBV is the only governmental assistance provided to a project. When a PHA selects a new construction or rehabilitation project, the PHA must require information regarding all HUD and/or other federal, state, or local governmental assistance to be disclosed by the project owner using form HUD-2880. The following lists all required documentation.

1. **Subsidy Layering Review request memorandum:** Clearly identify the PHA, the PHA number, the Field Office number, the project's name, the project's total number of units, and the number of PBV units requested. For a sample memorandum see Attachment 1 of PIH Notice 2013-11 or newer version superseding it

2. **Project Description:** Short narrative identifying ownership, type of activity (rehabilitation or new construction), location (including county), total units, requested PBV units, PBV type (RAD, VASH, regular), utility allowances, bedroom distributions, supportive services (if applicable) and residential population (homeless, veteran, elderly, low-income families) The narrative should also identify any exceptions applicable to the project (e.g., number of PBV exceeding the Project Cap)

3. Accounting Statement of Sources and Uses of Funds: Identifying each source and indicate type (loan, grant, syndication proceeds, contributed equity). Sources generally include only permanent financing and grants. If interim financing or a construction loan is proposed, provide details in project description. Separately identify detailed uses, avoiding broad categories such as "soft costs." Under acquisition costs, identify purchase price separately from related costs such as appraisal, survey, title, recording and legal fees. Include separate line items representing construction contract amount, builder's profit, builder's overhead and total project costs. [Complete HUD Form 50156]

4. **Description of funding sources:** Loans including principal, interest rate, amortization, term, and any accrual, deferral, balloon or forgiveness provisions. Describe any lender, grantor, or syndicator requirements for reserves or escrows requirements. Describe if a lender receives a portion of the net cash-flow, either as additional debt service or in addition to debt service. Identify the amount of LIHTC and include IRS form 8609

5. **Commitment Letters:** Lenders and other funding sources evidence their commitment to provide funding and disclose significant terms. Signed loan agreements and grant agreements meet this requirement. However, proposal letters and letters of intent do not meet this requirement

6. **Developer's Commitment Letter:** Delineating any arrangements, contributions, donations, significant terms or transfer of funds from the developer and/or participating partners such as deferred developer's fees, cash contributions, and equity investments

7. **HOME Commitment Letter:** (When applicable) Signed document clearly identifying requirements of the HOME designated units and intended rents

8. **Supportive Service Commitment:** (When applicable) A signed Memorandum of Understanding that describes the type of services to be provided, frequency, terms of service and resident eligibility

9. **Appraisal Report:** Based on the "as is" value of the property, before construction or rehabilitation, and without consideration of any financial implications of tax credits or project-based voucher assistance. An appraisal establishing value after the property is built or rehabilitated is not acceptable unless it also includes an "as is" valuation. The date of the appraisal to be within six months of date of submission

10. **Completed HUD Form 550156** (stabilized operating pro forma): Including projected rental, commercial, and miscellaneous gross income, vacancy loss, operating expenses, debt service, reserve contributions, with cash-flow projections, and debt service ratios; income and expenses trended at a consistent percent. [https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/OCHCO/documents/50156.pdf]

11. Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Allocation Letter (when applicable): Issued by the authorized tax credit allocation agency, identifying the amount of LIHTCs reserved for the project

12. **Historic Tax Credit Letter** (when applicable): Issued by an authorized historic credit agency, disclosing the estimated historic tax credit amount awarded to a project located in a designated historical area

13. Equity Contribution Schedule (when applicable): If equity contributed to the project is paid in installments over time, provide a schedule showing the amount and timing of planned contributions

14. **Bridge Loans** (when appliable): Providing details if the financing plan includes a bridge loan where equity contributions proceeds planned over an extended time can be paid upfront

15. Disclosure, perjury and identity of interest statement (Form HUD-2880) completed by the owner: https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/OCHCO/documents/2880.pdf

16. **PBV award letter**: Identifying the housing authority's approval of project-based voucher assistance for the project by number of units and bedroom distribution

17. **PHA rent certification letter**: Documenting proposed contract rents, utility allowances, and gross rental amounts for assisted units. Include rent reasonableness documentation or comparability analysis as evidence of rent determination and certification

The SLR review may be delayed if any submission documentation is missing or if any documentation does not fulfill the requirements exactly as stated in the checklist. Even if a specific item is not applicable to the project, documentation **must** be submitted that indicates it is not applicable. The required elements of the HUD SLR may change at any time, without warning from HUD.

In the SLR, the developer must include disclose all government assistance for acquisition, development, or operation of the housing that they have received, will receive, or *reasonably expect to receive* at any time before or during the term of the Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract. If the amount of government assistance changes (including both the addition and reduction of assistance) after the SLR package was submitted, the developer **must** notify HACSC immediately. Depending on the change, a new SLR submission may be required.

<u>Projects not utilizing LIHTCs</u> will have the SLR conducted by the local HUD Field Office and the HUD Financial Management Division at the HUD Headquarters. Please prepare for 75 days from date of submission until completion of SLR review by HUD.

<u>Projects utilizing LIHTCs</u> may have the SLR conducted by CTCAC. Documentation must be submitted after the project receives a reservation of tax credits. If SLR documents will be submitted through an online storage (Drop Box, Google Docs), CTCAC staff must be able to access the files without having to accept the provider's terms and conditions and without having to create an account or password. The submittal must include all supplemental SLR documentation listed in the **CTCAC Subsidy Layering Review Checklist** (*See CTCAC Forms in this guidance*). Please note that CTCAC has no obligation to perform the SLR. If CTCAC is unable to perform the SLR, HUD will perform the SLR.

The SLR certification for the project must be received by HACSC before the Agreement to Enter Into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (AHAP) may be executed. If HUD believes that the project is not sufficiently funded or if the project is leveraging too many public funds, HUD may require project revisions or reduce the number of PBVs awarded to the project.

The environmental review process does not need to be complete prior to SLR submission, but the request for environmental review must have been submitted to the responsible entity.

EXECUTING THE AGREEMENT TO ENTER INTO A HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT (AHAP)

HACSC may not execute the AHAP until both the Environmental Review and a Subsidy Layering Review have been completed and certification thereof have been received by HACSC. The AHAP for new construction or rehabilitation consists of the following:

- 1. **HUD-52531-A**: PBV Agreement to Enter Into Housing Assistance Payments Contract for New Construction or Rehabilitation Part 1
- 2. **HUD-52531-B**: PBV Agreement to Enter Into Housing Assistance Payments Contract for New Construction or Rehabilitation Part 2
- 3. Exhibit A The owner's PBV proposal
- Exhibit B Description of work to be performed under the Agreement. See AHAP Part I, Section 1.3 "Contents of Agreement" Exhibit B.
- Exhibit C Description of housing. See AHAP Part I, Section 1.3 "Contents of Agreement" Exhibit C.

6. **Exhibit D** – *Blank* **HUD-52530-A** PBV Housing Assistance Payments Contract for New Construction or Rehabilitation, Parts 1 and 2.

The AHAP shall be executed within 24 months of HACSC notice of conditional award to the selected owner unless otherwise agreed to. HACSC has the option to grant an extension to this 24-month limit provided the owner can demonstrate that progress is being made and that the project will be under AHAP within the extended time frame. In no instance shall the AHAP be executed prior to receiving environmental clearance and the *Subsidy Layering Review Certification*. In no instance shall the owner/developer begin construction on the housing prior to executing the AHAP, which may include land preparation. Upon completion of the Subsidy Layering Review, the AHAP should be executed within 30 days.

Links to the AHAP forms can be found in the "HUD Resources and Forms" section in this guidance.

PREVAILING WAGE & LABOR STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS

Projects with a conditional award of nine (9) or more PBVs are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, 29 CFR part 5, and other federal laws and regulations pertaining to labor standards (24 CFR 983.4, 24 CFR 983.154). These regulations apply to both existing housing and new construction or rehabilitation.

At least quarterly, HACSC may request reports from the developer/owner that demonstrate compliance with prevailing wages.

PROGRESS REPORTS

At least quarterly, HACSC will request a progress report from all developers/owners that have a conditional award of PBVs. These progress reports may ask for anticipated dates of AHAP execution, groundbreaking, occupancy, unit mix, and other information that will be helpful to monitor project advancement.

These progress reports are *highly critical* for HACSC to manage each project schedule and to ensure that there is sufficient program funding when it is time to execute the HAP Contract. When HASCSC requests an updated progress report, please complete the report as soon as possible.

If there are significant updates between reports (i.e. delay of project, change in funding) it is important to update HACSC immediately.

OCCUPANCY PLANNING AND LEASING

Approximately six months prior to anticipated occupancy, HACSC will initiate a lease-up process. HACSC must review and approve the project's resident selection plan, project marketing plan, and any other relevant documents to ensure that they do not conflict with PBV regulations, HACSC's Administrative Plan, and Fair Housing requirements.

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If the project will lease PBV units through a third party referral process, or if the project will provide supportive services through a third party, HACSC requires that the developer/owner execute a memorandum of understanding (MOU) between the developer/owner and the referring agency or service provider. This MOU is subject to HACSC's review and must be approved by HACSC before it is executed.

For third party referral based PBV units, the developer/owner and the referring organization are responsible for tenant outreach and finding qualified tenants under the property's tenant selection criteria. For other PBV units, HACSC will be responsible for tenant outreach and will generally inform families of availabilities through mailings at no cost to the developer/owner. However, HACSC may bill the developer/owner for costs associated with a mailing if the developer/owner needs to fill a PBV unit with a special population that is not explicitly documented or served through the HACSC Housing Choice Voucher program (e.g., farmworker households).

All leasing materials must be available in both English and Spanish.

ACRONYMS AND DEFINITIONS

AHAP – Agreement to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract
CEQA – California Environmental Quality Act
ER – Environmental Review
HAP Contract – Housing Assistance Payments Contract
HACSC – The Housing Authority of the County of Santa Cruz
LIHTC – Low-Income Housing Tax Credit
NEPA – National Environmental Policy Act
PBV – Project Based Voucher
PHA – Public Housing Authority
Responsible Entity – the City or County jurisdiction responsible for the NEPA Environmental Review
SLR – Subsidy Layering Review
Special Needs Populations –frail and non-frail elderly; persons with physical, mental or behavioral disabilities; persons with HIV/AIDS; persons experiencing homelessness; farmworkers; and veterans. The Housing Authority, at their sole discretion, may make exceptions to the definition to consider other

HACSC RESOURCES

populations.

- HACSC Project Based Voucher RFP Application
- HACSC Supplementary Supportive Services Application
- HACSC Project Based Voucher Application Scoring Criteria
- HACSC Administrative Plan Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program
- HACSC Income Limits, Payment Standards and Utility Allowances
- <u>Rent Reasonableness Request Form</u>

CTCAC FORMS

- <u>California Tax Credit Allocation Committee Subsidy Layering Checklist (Section 2835)</u>
- <u>California Tax Credit Allocation Committee Housing Authority Request for SLR Memo</u>

HUD RESOURCES AND FORMS

PROJECT BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM GUIDANCE

- HUD Project Based Voucher Program Webpage
- HUD 24 CFR Part 983 Project Based Voucher (PBV) Regulations
- <u>HUD PIH 2017-21 Implementation Guidance: Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act</u> of 2016 (HOTMA) — Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) and Project-Based Voucher (PBV) Provisions
- HUD-50156 Development Proposal Calculator
- HUD-2880 Applicant Recipient Disclosure Update Report

AHAP and HAP Contracts for New Construction and Rehabilitation

- HUD-52531-A: <u>PBV Agreement to Enter Into Housing Assistance Payments Contract</u> for New Construction or Rehabilitation Part 1
- HUD-52531-B: <u>PBV Agreement to Enter Into Housing Assistance Payments Contract</u> for New Construction or Rehabilitation Part 2
- HUD-52530-A:
 - <u>PBV Housing Assistance Payments Contract for New Construction or</u> <u>Rehabilitation Part 1</u>
 - <u>PBV Housing Assistance Payments Contract for New Construction or</u> <u>Rehabilitation Part 2</u>

HAP Contracts for Existing Housing

- HUD-52530-B:
 - o <u>PBV Housing Assistance Payments Contract for Existing Housing Part 1</u>
 - o <u>PBV Housing Assistance Payments Contract for Existing Housing Part 2</u>

END OF GUIDE